

# 1. My Body

## MAIN COURSEBOOK

### WARM UP

1. green – eyes, tongue      2. blue – hands      3. ☆ – feet

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eyes, hear, tongue, smell, skin

### NOW I KNOW

1. I      2. O      3. O      4. I      5. I      6. O

### READ AND ANSWER

- A. 1. a      2. b      3. a      4. b
- B. 1. The brain helps us to think and work.  
2. The heart and lungs lie inside the chest.  
3. The hard parts in our body are bones. Muscles are fixed to bones. They make the bones move.  
4. We can keep our bones and muscles strong by exercising regularly, eating healthy food, and sleeping for at least eight hours at night.
- C. 1. BRAIN      2. HOCKEY

### DO AND LEARN

- D. 1. badminton      2. football      3. cricket
- E. 1. N      2. A      3. N      4. A

# 2. The Food We Eat

## MAIN COURSEBOOK

### WARM UP

- FOOD FROM PLANTS      1, 3, 4  
FOOD FROM ANIMALS      2, 6, 8  
FOOD MADE FROM MILK      5, 7, 9

### NOW I KNOW

1. a      2. b

### READ AND ANSWER

- A. 1. b      2. a      3. b      4. a      5. b





3. Accept relevant response.

D. John has a nuclear family.

DO AND LEARN

G. 1. happy                      2. unhappy                      3. unhappy                      4. happy

## 5. My Home

### MAIN COURSEBOOK

WARM UP

1. b                                      2. c                                      3. a

NOW I KNOW

1. BRICKS                              3. STRAW                              5. STONES  
2. WOOD                                4. MUD                                 6. STEEL

READ AND ANSWER

A. 1. a.                                      2. b                                      3. a

B. 1. Yes                              2. No                                      3. Yes                                      4. No

C. 1. Straw, mud, dry leaves, bamboo, wood, steel, bricks, cement and stones are some materials used to build a house. (Accept any three of these.)

2. A house that is made of mud and straw is called a kachcha house. It is not very strong. A kachcha house is mostly found in villages.

3. A bungalow is a big house made of bricks and cement. It has many rooms. Some bungalows also have a garden. A multi-storeyed building has many floors. Each floor has many flats or apartments.

D. CARPENTER

DO AND LEARN

- F. • Throw waste in the dustbin.  
• Keep shoes in their place.

## 6. Festivals We Celebrate

### MAIN COURSEBOOK

WARM UP

6 The child will colour the tree green.

1. Christmas                                      2. 25 December



NOW I KNOW

1. YES                      2. NO                      3. NO                      4. YES

READ AND ANSWER

- A. 1. b                      2. a                      3. b  
B. 1. True                      2. False                      3. True                      4. False  
C. 1. Children learn to sing and play musical instruments in the music room.  
2. Children who feel unwell are sent to the sickroom to rest.  
3. Accept relevant response.  
4. Accept relevant response.  
D. 1. Computer room    2. Sunday (Accept this or any other relevant response.)

DO AND LEARN

- F. I teach you to sing the National Anthem. – 4; I look after the working of the school. – 6  
I teach you addition and subtraction. – 5; I teach you about Home and End keys. – 2  
G. The child will tick all the points.

## 8. My Neighbourhood

### MAIN COURSEBOOK

WARM UP

1. blue – seen  
2. green – grow  
3. red – live, seen, stand, grow, play, need, keep, wave, say, go (Accept any two of these.)  
4. brown – place, houses, row, gardens, flowers, park, trees, bat, ball, shops, things, bank, money, people, neighbours, neighbourhood (Accept any two of these.)

NOW I KNOW

1. c                      2. d                      3. a                      4. b

READ AND ANSWER

- A. 1. b                      2. a                      3. a                      4. b  
B. 1. market                      3. park                      5. post office  
2. school                      4. hospital                      6. fire station  
C. 1. The area around a house is called a neighbourhood.  
2. We need a market in a neighbourhood because it has shops from which we can buy things that we need.  
3. We need a police station in a neighbourhood to keep it safe.

4. We call a fire station when there is a big fire. Firefighters put out fires and save lives. Thus we need a fire station in a neighbourhood to keep it safe.
  5. Accept relevant response.
- D. Yes, Grandpa has gone to the right place. This is because some post offices have banks that keep people's money safe.

## 9. Directions and Time

### MAIN COURSEBOOK

#### WARM UP

1. False                      2. True                      3. False                      4. True

#### NOW I KNOW

1. north                      2. east                      3. west                      4. south

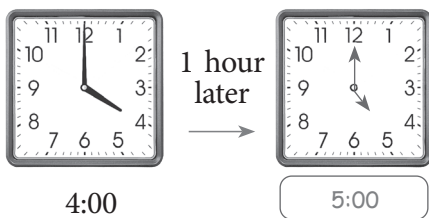
#### READ AND ANSWER

- A. 1. b                      2. a                      3. b                      4. b                      5. a
- B. 1. North, south, east and west are the four main directions.
2. The Sun rises in the east and sets in the west. If we stand facing the Sun in the morning,
- east is in front of us.
  - west is behind us.
  - north is to our left.
  - south is to our right.
3. People could tell the time by looking at the Sun.
4. The short hand on a clock shows the hour.
- C. 1. It is afternoon. This is because the boy's shadow is short.
2. The boy is returning from school.
3. The boy will have lunch when he reaches home.

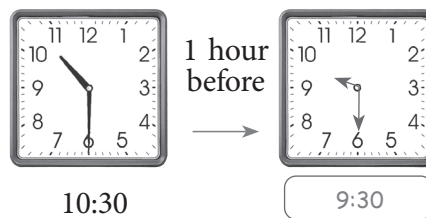
#### DO AND LEARN

- D. 1. east                      2. library                      3. west                      4. south

E. 1.



2.







# 12. Plants Around Us

## MAIN COURSEBOOK

### WARM UP



### NOW I KNOW

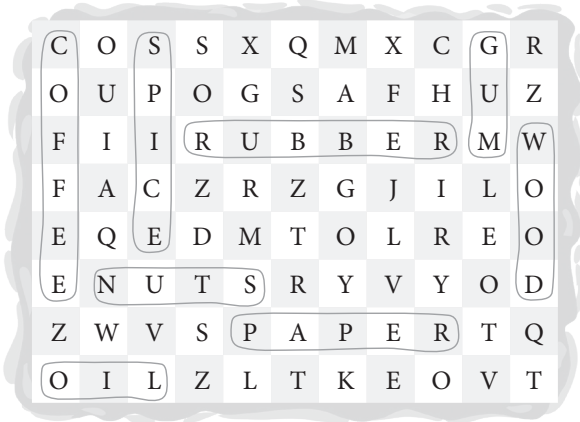
- shrub; cotton/rose/chilli/mehndi (Accept any one of these.)
- herb; mint/coriander/spinach (Accept any one of these.)
- tree; neem/banyan/pine/coconut/peepal/mango (Accept any one of these.)

### READ AND ANSWER

- A. 1. b                      2. a                      3. b                      4. a
- B. 1. d                      2. c                      3. e                      4. a                      5. b
- C. ④ lotus            ① cactus            ② watermelon            ③ cotton plant
- D. 1. Accept relevant response.
2. A big and tall plant is called a tree. Neem, banyan, pine, coconut, peepal and mango are some trees. (Accept any two of these.)
3. A shrub is smaller than a tree. It does not have a trunk. It has a thin and hard stem. It has many branches that grow close to the ground. A herb is a very small plant. It has a soft, green stem.
4. We use fibres to make clothes, sacks, ropes and mats.
5. We use wood to make pencils, tables, chairs, doors, windows and houses. (Accept any five of these.)
- E. Romi ate flower (cauliflower), seeds (rice) and fruit (banana).

### DO AND LEARN

F.





4. People wear woollen clothes and drink hot drinks. Some also use heaters or light fires to keep themselves warm in winter.

D. a. winter                      b. monsoon                      c. autumn

DO AND LEARN

F. 1.  $30 + 31 + 30 = 91$  days      2.  $31 + 31 = 62$  days                      3. summer

## My Page (UNIT 4)

A. 1. b

2. a

B.

| SUMMER         | WINTER   | MONSOON     |
|----------------|----------|-------------|
| May            | snowfall | raincoat    |
| cotton clothes | woollens | paper boats |
| hot winds      | January  | August      |

C. green – pine    yellow – cotton    pink – mint    blue – watermelon    brown – pea

## SPECIAL SECTION

### Assessment 1

A. 1. b

2. a

3. a

4. b

5. a

B. 1. d

2. c

3. b

4. a

C. 1. stomach

2. hands

3. Cotton

4. sibling.

5. caves.

6. Holi

D. 1. YES

2. NO

3. YES

4. NO

E. 1. Skin covers our bones and muscles.

2. A small family is also called a nuclear family. A single-parent family is one in which children live with either their mother or their father.

3. Some safety rules that we must follow at home are as follows:

We must never

- lean from a balcony or a terrace.
- leave our toys on the floor. We may trip and fall.
- touch electric wires and plugs.
- touch or play with sharp objects such as knives and scissors.
- go near fire or touch hot objects. (Accept any two of these.)

## Assessment 2

- A. 1. assembly hall                      3. North                                      5. on land.  
2. Firefighters                              4. smartphones                              6. medicine.
- B. 1. d                                      2. a                                      3. e                                      4. b                                      5. c
- C. 1. Accept relevant response.  
2. A compass has a needle. It always points to the north. If you know where north lies, you can find the other three directions.  
3. A flat land is called a plain. People live and grow crops on the plains. Many rivers flow through the plains.  
At some places the land is high. This type of land is called a hill. In summer, it is hot in the plains. The hills remain cool.  
Very high hills are called mountains. Some mountains are covered in snow. The snow melts to form rivers. It is very cold on a mountain.  
The land between two hills or mountains is called a valley. Very often, a river or a stream flows through a valley.  
A hill with a flat top is called a plateau. A plateau is higher than the area around it. (Accept any one of these.)  
4. Plants are important to us in the following ways:  
  - Plants keep the air clean and fresh.
  - Humans and animals depend on plants for many things.
  - Plants make our world green and beautiful.  
5. When weather remains the same for a long time, it is called season.
- D. 1. a. summer                                      b. after spring  
2. a. winter                                      b. Christmas  
3. a. 4                                      b. It is raining heavily.  
4. a. 2                                      b. Flowers are in bloom.

## Life Skills and Values

- B. The child should ideally like Cupboard B. Accept relevant response.  
C. Accept relevant response.

## ----- Subject Integration -----

A. Accept relevant response.

B. ostrich - 3; deer - 3; leopard - 1; camel - 2; monkey - 4

1. monkey

2. leopard

3. 13