Answers

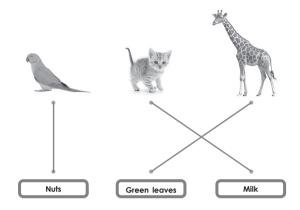
Theme 1: What Is Life? Chapter – 4: Food and Feeding Habits of Animals

Main Coursebook

Re-KAP

Kinaesthetic: Accept all relevant responses.

Pictorial



Interacting better: Accept all relevant responses.

Understanding better (Page 31)

- 1. True
- 2. False

Understanding better (Page 33)

- 1. Snakes and frogs
- 2. Rabbits and rats

Learning better:

- A. 1. b
- **2**. b
- 3 h

3. e

- 4. b
- 5. a
- B. 1. d
- 2. a

- 4. C
- **5**. b
- C. 1. Animals need food for energy, growth and to stay healthy.
 - 2. Oilseed cakes are energy-giving and milk producing foods.
 - 3. Some grass-eating animals, such as cows and buffaloes first swallow the grass without chewing it. Then, bring it back into their mouth and chew it with their grinding teeth. This is called chewing cud.

D. 1. The difference between her bivores, carnivores and omnivores are as follows.

Herbivores	Carnivores	Onmivores
Herbivores or plant-eating animals are the animals which eat grass or green plants.	Carnivores are the animals that eat other animals.	Animals which eat both plants and other animals are called omnivores.
For example, goats, cows, elephants etc.	For example, lions, tigers, leopards, etc.	For example, crows, dogs and bears.

2. Food is any substance which when consumed gives us energy to do work. It provides us essential nutrients like carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals. Some flesheating animals, such as snakes and frogs, swallow their food whole. They do not bite or chew their food.

Creating better:

Accept all relevant responses.

Thinking better:

Accept all relevant responses.

Choosing better:

2. Ask your parents to feed biscuit to the dog.

Students' Worksheets

Worksheet 1

- **A**. 1, 3
- B. 1.







4.







- C. 1. False
- 2. False
- 3. True

- 4. True
- 5. False

Worksheet 2

A. 2, 3, 5

B. 1. grow

2. herbivores

3. tongue

4. Gnaw

lap

C. 1. → a

2. → e

3. \rightarrow b

4. → C

5. \rightarrow d

Worksheet 3

A. 1. Domestic animals

2. Snakes and frogs

3. Cud is the food that animals bring back up from their stomach into the mouth for chewing again.

4. An earthworm swallows soil that contains bits of dead plants and animals in it.

5. A butterfly uses its long sucking tube to suck nector from flowers.

B. 4, 5

C. 1. snakes, frogs

2. Accept all relevant responses.

3. Accept all relevant responses.

4. cows, buffaloes

5. cats, dogs

Book of Holistic Teaching

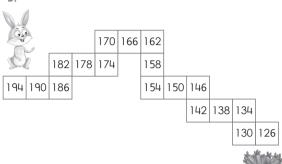
Developing better

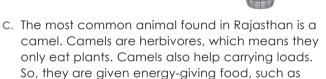
A. English

1. earthworm

2. plant-eaters

В.





Book of Project Ideas 4

grains, dates, etc.

Making better

Accept all relevant responses.